

INTELLIGENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Minutes of Meeting held in Director's
Conference Room, Administration Building
Central Intelligence Agency, on 2 April 1951

Director of Central Intelligence
Lieutenant General Walter Bedell Smith
Presiding

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. W. Park Armstrong, Jr., Special Assistant, Intelligence,
Department of State
Major General R. J. Canine, acting for Assistant Chief of Staff,
G-2, Department of the Army
Rear Admiral Felix L. Johnson, Director of Naval Intelligence,
Department of the Navy
Major General Charles P. Cabell, Director of Intelligence,
Headquarters, United States Air Force
Dr. Walter F. Colby, Director of Intelligence, Atomic Energy
Commission
Brigadier General Vernon E. Megee, USMC, Deputy Director for
Intelligence, The Joint Staff
Mr. Victor P. Keay, acting for Assistant to the Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation

ALSO PRESENT

*Marshall Chockwell
released in
Montague History*
*released in
Montague History*
*as per
DCI Staff Minutes*
Lieut. General Lucian K. Truscott, Central Intelligence Agency
Dr. William L. Langer, Central Intelligence Agency
~~Dr. H. M. Chadwell~~, Central Intelligence Agency
~~Mr. Kingman Douglass~~, Central Intelligence Agency
~~Mr. Sherman Kent~~, Central Intelligence Agency
~~Dr. Calvin Hoover~~, Central Intelligence Agency
Lieut. General Clarence R. Huebner, USA, (Ret.), Central
Intelligence Agency
Mr. John B. Routh, Central Intelligence Agency
Mr. Paul Borel, Central Intelligence Agency
Mr. Allen Dines, Central Intelligence Agency
Mr. William C. Trueheart, Department of State
Mr. Allan Evans, Department of State
Mr. Mose L. Harvey, Department of State
Colonel O. B. Sykes, Department of the Army
Colonel M. B. dePass, Department of the Army
Mr. Bennett J. Sukonick, Department of the Army
Captain John M. Ocker, USN, Department of the Navy
Captain Ray Malpass, USN, Department of the Navy
Colonel J. C. Marchant, Department of the Air Force
Lieut. Colonel G. R. Ronka, Department of the Air Force
Lieut. Colonel A. E. Lackey, Department of the Air Force
Captain R. G. McCool, USN, The Joint Staff
Mr. A. D. B. [unclear], Federal Bureau of Investigation

APPROVED FOR RELEASE DATE:
26-Aug-2008

Secretary
Mr. James Q. Reber
Central Intelligence Agency

HR 70-14
(U)

~~SECRET~~
IAC-M-24
2 April 1951

Approval of Minutes

1. Action: The minutes of the meeting of 15 March 1951 (IAC-M-23) were approved.

Progress Report (IAC-PR-9) (SECRET)

2. Noted; no additions or changes in the priorities of items were suggested.

Abolition of the Standing Committee (IAC-D-15) (CONFIDENTIAL)

3. Action: The committee agreed that there is no longer a need for the Standing Committee and it was therefore abolished.

Proposed NIE - "Vulnerability of the U.S. to Clandestine Attack with Weapons of Mass Destruction." (IAC-D-16) (SECRET)

withheld in E 90-0165 (DIF)
NIE 91 (4 Sep 51)

4. Action: It was decided that the study should be undertaken as an NIE and that in view of the over-all study which the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security (ICIS) is about to launch CIA would coordinate with the chairman of the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security and work with the members of its sub-committee. It was felt that an intelligence contribution was needed because of the necessity to consider Soviet capabilities.

Iran's Position in the East-West Struggle. (NIE-6) (SECRET)

released in E.O. Review E 81-0048 (DEC)
NIE 6 (5 Apr 51)

5. Action: This paper was approved as amended and will be published shortly. It was agreed to re-estimate the situation in Iran about 15 May 1951.

6. Discussion: The suggestion was accepted that a note should appear in the paper to the effect that the Soviets probably estimate that in the event of their taking overt action in Iran, there is at least an even chance that the U. S. would resist with force.

7. It was agreed to add an additional thought in the conclusion section, pointing out that the intelligence agencies believe that if the trend evidenced in recent weeks in Iran should continue and become intensified, Iran is likely in time to become a second Czechoslovakia.